4次の英文を読んで,あとの問いに答えなさい。

Have you ever had trouble working with others because of their approach to time some people finish their part of a project quickly, while others are slow. Some people are on time for meetings while others are late. Some people focus on getting the task done in time while others spend time (talking and making sure everyone is feeling comfortable. Why are we different in the way we approach time? Edward T. Hall, a famous sociologist found that there are cultural difference (in viewing time). He believed that there are (wo different types) of culture-monochronic and polychronic People of monochronic cultures, such as northern Europeans and Anglo North Americans \* tend to do one thing (at a time. They respect speed and \* punctuality They are \*efficient and focused. They are controlled by their schedules [A], people In polychronic cultures, such as Latin and Arab countries, tend to do many things (at one). They respect flexibility over punctuality and tend to change plans (of tend and tend to change plans (of tend and tend to change plans). easily. They are controlled by human relationships more than their schedules. You may have heard of "Mexican time," "Brazilian time," or "Spanish time." This means the flexible approach to appointments and schedules in those countries: If you make a plan to meet your Spanish friends for a drink at 9 p.m., they may come at 9:30 or 10 p.m. without saying "Sorry." [B], this is not always true for these cultural \* tendencies. That is to say, not all Americans are punctual, and not all Spanish are relaxed about schedules. There are many differences from person to person. Some psychologists say frot only culture but also family and personality types influence our views of time These psychologists divide people, not cultures into monochronic and polychronio and say these are personality types found in every culture Monochronic people are organized and patient Polychronic people are creative and impulsive.

